DIVINE GOVERNMENT

Part 3

I. INTRODUCTION TO DIVINE GOVERNMENT

- A. Theocracy rule of God
- B. Theocracy vs. Democracy
 - 1. Democracy will of the people; majority; consensus
- C. Theocracy vs. Dictatorship
 - 1. One of first signs of dictatorship man stands alone
 - 2. Dictator not always wrong motives
- D. Problems when leadership swallows up body ministry
 - 1. Lack of initiative
 - 2. Attracts weak over-dependent
 - 3. Lack of joy
 - 4. Antagonism and pent-up frustrations
 - 5. Fear
 - 6. Frustration because of limited expression and freedom
 - 7. Factious dis-unity
- E. The sin of the Nicolaitanes Rev. 2:6
 - 1. Nico to conquer
 - 2. Loas the people or the laity
 - 3. This puts the clergy on a high and exalted level and demands

people come to God through them. Clergy becomes ruling class

- 4. Denies the people direct access to God
 - a. Danger of prophecy, etc.
 - b. Every believer should seek God for selves
 - c. Go to leaders when necessary
- 5. Priestly assumption; lording over flock
- 6. One of weaknesses of modern pastor is it fails to produce strong lay ministry
 - a. Over-dependent on one man
 - b. Failure in ministry result of depriving our members of
- their privilege of engaging fully in work of ministry

II. PLURALITY IN GOVERNMENT - THEOCRACY NOT UNDER ONE MAN

- A. To rule in house of God must qualify as elder I Tim. 3
- B. Recurring theme of plural eldership
 - 1. Acts 1:14 Peter standing up with the eleven
- 2. Acts 2:42 And they continued steadfastly in the apostles' doctrine
 - 3. Acts 4:35 And laid them down at the apostles' feet
 - 4. Acts 15:2 The apostles and elders
 - 5. Acts 15:4 The apostles and elders
 - 6. Acts 15:6 The apostles and elders came together

7. Acts 15:22 -It pleased the elders and brethren

8. Acts 15:23 - Apostles and elders and brethren

9. Acts 16:4 - The apostles and elders which were at Jerusalem

10. Acts 21:18 - Paul went in with us into James; and all the elders were present.

C. Ephesus (Acts 18:18-19) - Paul ministered with Aquilla and Priscilla1. Acts 20:17 - "And from Miletus he sent to Ephesus and called

the elders of the church."

2. I Tim. 5:17 - "Let the elders that rule well be counted worthy of double honor."

D. Cilician Church - Acts 14:23 - "And when they had ordained them elders in every church, and had prayed with fasting, they commended them to the Lord on whom they had believed."

E. Cretan Churches - Titus 1:4-5 - "For this cause left I thee in Crete, that thou shouldest set in order the things that are wanting, and ordain <u>elders</u> in <u>every city</u>, as I had appointed thee."

F. Judean Churches - Acts 11:29-30 - "Then the disciples, every man according to his ability, determined to send relief unto the brethren which dwelt in Judea: which also they did, and sent it to the <u>elders</u> by the hands of Barnabus and Saul."

G. Pontus, Galatia, Cappadocia, Asia, Bithynia

1. I Peter 5:1-3 - "*The <u>elders</u> which are among you I exhort, who am also an elder...*"

H. James 5:14 - "Is any sick among you?...call for elders..."

I. Plurality, but not necessarily equality

J. Under authority by submission instead of ecclesiastical or legislative authority

III. FOUNDATION OF SPIRITUAL GOVERNMENT

- A. Must be qualified elders
 - 1. Five-fold ministry
 - 2. Established in present truth II Pet. 1:12
 - 3. Must be understood and taught the Spirit leads and governs the church through human beings.
- B. Leadership sets House in Order and Establishes Direction
 - 1. Walk in Spirit submit to one another
 - 2. Do not lord over flock
 - a. Heart of theocracy recognition scripture as final authority
 - b. People submit because they recognize God's divine call over their life and proven
 - 3. Hearty response to leadership
 - a. I Samuel 14:6-7

b. Ezra 10:4-5

- C. Must be unity and fellowship
 - 1. Only atmosphere god can bless in
 - 2. Unity essential for Body Ministry

- D. Strong corporate prayer and worship
- E. Must be active gifts and ministries among the people

IV. PRINCIPLES OF HEALTHY CHURCH GOVERNMENT

- A. Formation of governing body
 - 1. Develop leadership from among the people
 - 2. Emphasize teaching, spiritual feeding, prayer, and worship--
- meeting the needs of the people
 - 3. Emphasize fellowship among flock
 - 4. Develop body ministry to free pastor
- B. Balance of ministry
- C. Delegating responsibilities and authority